

Electron transport chain Complex III Activity Assay Kit

Note: Take two or three different samples for prediction before test.

Operation Equipment: spectrophotometer

Cat No: AK0366 **Size:**50T/24S

Components:

Extract solution: 40ml×1. Storage at 4C. Reagent 1: 20ml×2. Storage at 4C. Reagent 2: Powder×2. Storage at -20C. Reagent 3: 5.5mL×1. Storage at 4C.

Product Description:

Mitochondrial complex III (EC 1. 10.2.2), also known as CoQ-cytochrome C reductase, is widely found in mitochondria of animals, plants, microorganisms and cultured cells. It is a common component of the main pathway and branch of the mitochondrial respiratory electron transport chain. Mitochondrial complex III is responsible for transferring hydrogen from reduced CoQ to cytochrome C and then produce reduced cytochrome C.

Unlike oxidized cytochrome C, reduced cytochrome C has a characteristic absorption at 550 nm, so the rate of increase in light absorption at 550 nm can reflect mitochondrial complex III enzyme activity.

Reagents and Equipment Required but Not Provided:

Spectrophotometer, water bath, desk centrifuge, transferpettor, 1ml glass cuvette, mortar/ homogenizer, acetone, ice and distilled water.

1. Complex III extraction:

- 1) Collecting 0.1g of tissue or 5 million cells, add 1ml extract solution and grind on ice with mortar/homogenizer;
- 2) centrifuge at 600g and 4C for 10min. Discard the precipitate and transfer supernatant to another tube, centrifuge at 11000g and 4C for 15min;
- 3) The supernatant, i.e. cytoplasmic extract, can be used to determine the complex III leaking from mitochondria, this step can show the effect of mitochondrial extraction;
- 4) Add 200ul of extraction solution to sediment, splitting with ultrasonication (power 20%, work time 5s, interval 10s, repeat 15 times), used to detect Complex III activity and protein content.

Determining step

1) Preheat spectrophotometer for 30min, adjust the wavelength to 550 nm, set the counter to zero with distilled water.



- 2) Making working solution: Transfer one bottle of reagent2 to one bottle of reagent1 to dissolve thoroughly before use, and unused reagent at 4 °C for one week;
- 3) Add the following reagents in 1ml cuvette:

Reagent name (uL)	Test tube (At)	Control tube (Ac)
Working solution	800	800
Reagent 3	100	-
Accurately incubate for 2 min at 37 ° C (mammal) or 25 ° C (other species), then add separately as follows		
Sample	100	100
Distilled water		100
Add the above reagent to the cuvette, mix thoroughly, detect absorbance at 10s (At1 and Ac1). Put cuvette		
and react solution together in 37C(mammal) or 25C(other species) water bath for 2 min, then take cuvette		
quickly, dry and detect absorbance at 2 min (At2 and Ac2), $\Delta A = (At2-At1) - (Ac2-Ac1)$		

Calculation:

Unit definition: One unit of enzyme activity is defined as the amount of enzyme that catalyzes the consumption of 1nmol of reduced cytochrome C per mg of tissue protein in every minute. Complex III Activity (U/mg prot) = $[\Delta A \times Vrv \div (\varepsilon \times d) \times 10^9] \div (Vs \times Cpr) \div T = 261 \times \Delta A \div Cpr$

ε: Reduced cytochrome C molar extinction coefficient, 19100L/mol/cm;

d: light path of cuvette, 1cm;

Vrv: total reaction volume,1mL;

Vs: sample volume (mL), 0.1 mL;

Cpr: sample protein concentration (mg/mL);

T: reaction time (min), 2 min;

Note:

- Try to keep the temperature of the reaction solution in the cuvette at 37C or 25C. After recording the initial absorbance A1, put the cuvette together with the reaction solution into a water bath of 37C (mammal) or 25C (other species) to react accurately for 2 minutes, then take out the cuvette quickly and dry it, and record the absorbance at 2 minutes.
- 2. When the absorbance value is greater than 1, it is recommended to dilute the sample with extraction solution and then determine it. Pay attention to multiply the dilution multiple in the calculation formula.
- 3. Detect sample protein concentrate by yourself, you can use Solarbio (PC0020 BCA Protein Assay Kit).
- 4. Because protein is contained in the extract, the protein content of the extract itself should be subtracted when determining the protein concentration of the sample (measured separately).
- 5. It is recommended to use the sample protein concentration to calculate the enzyme activity. If the sample fresh weight is used to calculate, the enzyme activity of cytoplasmic extract needs to be



measured, and the sum of supernatant and precipitation enzyme activity is the total enzyme activity.

- 6. It's enough for 50 tube reactions.
- 7. Attachment: Sample weight (50T/12S)
- 1) Supernatant:

Unit definition: One unit of enzyme activity is defined as the amount of enzyme that catalyzes the consumption of 1nmol of reduced cytochrome C in 1min every gram of tissue weight.

Complex III Activity $(U/g) = [\Delta A1 \times Vrv \div (\varepsilon \times d) \times 10^9] \div (W \div Ve \times Vs) \div T = 262 \times \Delta A1 \div W$

- $\Delta A1$: supernatant absorbance;
- Vrv: total reaction volume,0.001L;
- ϵ : Reduced cytochrome C molar extinction coefficient, 1.91×10^4 L/mol/cm;
- d: light path of cuvette, 1cm;
- Ve: extract solution volume,1mL;
- Vs: sample volume (mL), 0.1 mL;
- T: reaction time (min), 2 min;
- W: sample weight, g.
- 2) Sediment:

Unit definition: One unit of enzyme activity is defined as the amount of enzyme that catalyzes the consumption of 1nmol of reduced cytochrome C in 1min every gram of tissue weight.

Complex III Activity (U/g)= $[\Delta A2 \times Vrv \div (\varepsilon \times d) \times 10^9] \div (W \div Ve \times Vs) \div T = 52 \times \Delta A2 \div W$

- $\Delta A2$: sediment absorbance;
- Vrv: total reaction volume,0.001L;
- ϵ : Reduced cytochrome C molar extinction coefficient, 1.91×10^4 L/mol/cm;
- d: light path of cuvette, 1cm;
- Ve: sediment resuspended volume,0.2 mL;
- Vs: sample volume (mL), 0.1 mL;
- T: reaction time (min), 2 min;
- W: sample weight, g.
- 3) Total activity is the sum of Complex III activity in supernatant and sediment. Complex III $(U/g) = 262 \times \Delta A1 \div W + 52 \times \Delta A2 \div W$.

Experimental Example:

1. Take 0. 1g rabbit kidney for sample treatment, dilute twice the precipitate after re dissolving, and then operate according to the determination steps. Calculate according to the sample protein concentration: $\Delta A = (A_{2T} - A_{1T}) - (A_{2C} - A_{1C}) = (0.548-0.481) - (0.478-0.461) = 0.05$

Complex III (U/mg prot) = $262 \times \Delta A \div Cpr \times 2$ (dilution ratio) = $262 \times 0.05 \div 2.56 \times 4$ (dilution ratio) = 20.47



U/mg prot.

Recent Product Citations :

[1] Ming Song, Fangfang Chen, Yihui Li, et al. Trimetazidine restores the positive adaptation to exercise training by mitigating statin-induced skeletal muscle injury. Journal of Cachexia, Sarcopenia and Muscle. November 2017; (IF10.754)

[2] Liuqin He,Haiwen Zhang,Xihong Zhou. Weanling Offspring of Dams Maintained on Serine-Deficient Diet Are Vulnerable to Oxidative Stress. Oxidative Medicine and Cellular Longevity. September 2018;(IF4.868)

[3] Qiuli OuYang,Nengguo Tao,Miaoling Zhang. A Damaged Oxidative Phosphorylation Mechanism Is Involved in the Antifungal Activity of Citral against Penicillium digitatum. Frontier in Immunology. February 2018;(IF4.259)

[4] Wang M, Zhang Y, Xu M, et al. Roles of TRPA1 and TRPV1 in cigarette smoke-induced airway epithelial cell injury model[J]. Free Radical Biology and Medicine, 2019, 134: 229-238.

[5] Bao Z, Xu X, Chao H, et al. ERK/Nrf2/HO- 1 pathway-mediated mitophagy alleviates traumatic brain injury-induced intestinal mucosa damage and epithelial barrier dysfunction[J]. 2017.

References:

[1] Luo C, Long J, Liu J. An improved spectrophotometric method for a more specific and accurate assay of mitochondrial complex III activity[J]. Clinica Chimica Acta, 2008, 395(1-2): 38-41.

Related products:

AK0544/AK0543	Electron Transport Chain Complex I Activity Assay Kit
AK0368/AK0367	Electron transport chain Complex II Activity Assay Kit
AK0274/AK0273	Electron transport chain Complex \mathbb{N} Activity Assay Kit
AK0263/AK0021	Electron transport chain Complex V Activity Assay Kit